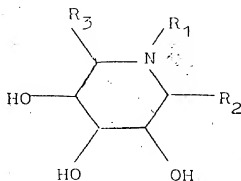


Claims 24, 25, 27, 29, 34, 36 and 38 after each of the claim numbers, delete "(Amended)" and substitute therefor --(Twice Amended)--.

2  
Claim 39, line 2, delete "47" and insert therefor --18--.

Claim 47 (Twice Amended) A compound of the formula



in which

81  
H  
R<sub>1</sub> is C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>30</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>18</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>18</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-cycloalkynyl, phenyl (a), C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub> and C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>30</sub> alkyl substituted by phenyl or substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl (a), said C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>30</sub> alkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl and cycloalkynyl being

unsubstituted or substituted by hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, acyloxy, amino, mono-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylamino, di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylamino, acylamino, mercapto, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylthio, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylcarbonyl, carboxyl, nitro, cyano, formyl, sulfo, a heterocyclic radical derived from a hexose or pentose, attached to the alkyl moiety directly via a

ring atom or via an -O-, -S- or -NH-bridge or naphthyl (or phenyl)

17 (b); said acyl being derived from an aliphatic carboxylic acid having from 1 to 7 C-atoms, a phenyl carboxylic acid, unsubstituted or substituted by carboxy, hydroxy, halogen, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, nitro or amino, or a 5- or 6-membered heterocyclic carboxylic acid containing from 1 to 3 hetero-atoms each of which is N, O or S, unsubstituted or substituted by C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, chlorine, bromine or amino; said phenyl (a) being unsubstituted or substituted by C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>10</sub> chloroalkyl, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>10</sub> nitroalkyl, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>10</sub> cyanoalkyl, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>10</sub> alkenyl, hydroxyl, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, amino, mono-C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>4</sub> alkylamino, di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylamino, mercapto, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylthio, carboxyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> carbalkoxy, sulfo, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsulfonyl, phenylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylaminosulfonyl, di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylaminosulfonyl, nitro, cyano, formyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylcarbonyl-amino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylcarbonyl, benzoyl, benzylcarbonyl or

phenylethylcarbonyl;

said substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl being substituted by hydroxy,

C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, acyloxy,

amino, mono-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylamino, di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylamino, acylamino, mercapto, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylthio, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylcarbonyl, carboxyl, nitro, cyano, formyl, sulfo, a heterocyclic radical derived from a hexose or pentose, attached to the alkyl moiety directly via a

ring atom or via an -O-, -S- or -NH-bridge or naphthyl (or phenyl).

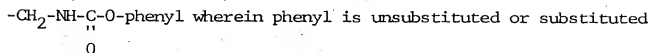
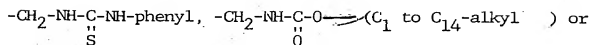
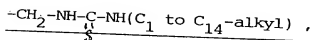
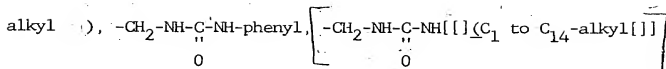
(b) said acyl being derived from an aliphatic carboxylic acid having from 1 to 7 C-atoms, a phenyl carboxylic acid, unsubstituted or substituted by carboxy, hydroxy, halogen, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, nitro or amino, or a 5- or 6-membered aromatic cyclic carboxylic acid containing from 1 to 3 hetero-atoms each of which is N, O or S, unsubstituted or substituted by C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, chlorine, bromine or amino; said phenyl (a) being unsubstituted or substituted by C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>10</sub> chloroalkyl, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>10</sub> nitroalkyl, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>10</sub> cyanoalkyl, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>10</sub> alkenyl, hydroxyl, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, amino, mono-C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>4</sub> alkylamino, di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylamino, mercapto, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylthio, carboxyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> carboxy, sulfo, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsulfonyl, phenylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylaminosulfonyl, di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylaminosulfonyl, nitro, cyano, formyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylcarbonyl-amino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylcarbonyl, benzoyl, benzylcarbonyl or

~~phenylethylcarbonyl~~ said naphthyl [and naphthyl] and phenyl (b) being unsubstituted or substituted by hydroxyl, amino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylamino, di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylamino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, nitro, cyano, carboxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylthio, mercapto, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsulfonyl, [sulfur] sulfo, aminosulfonyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylaminosulfonyl

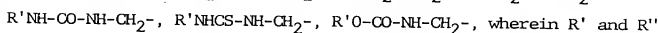
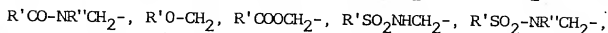
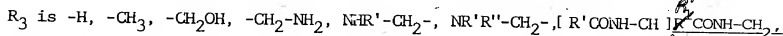
R<sub>2</sub> is -H, -OH, -SO<sub>3</sub>H, -CN, -CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>NH— (C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>14</sub>-alkyl ),

-CH<sub>2</sub>NH-C(=O)— (C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>14</sub>-alkyl ), -CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-SO<sub>2</sub>— (C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>14</sub>-alkyl ),

-CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-SO<sub>2</sub>-phenyl, -CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-C(=O)-phenyl, -CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-C(=O)-NH— (C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>14</sub>-

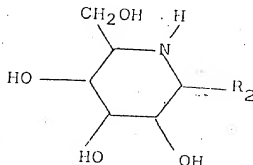


by methyl, ethyl, methoxy, [ethyl, methoxy,]chlorine, bromine or nitro,



are the same or different and each has the meaning hydrogen or any of the meanings given above for R.

Claim ~~48~~<sup>2</sup> (Twice Amended) A compound of the formula



wherein

$R_2$  is  $[-CH] \text{---} \underline{CN}, -CH_2NH_2, [-CH_2NH-(C_1 \text{ to } C_{14}-(I))], -CH_2NH-(C_1 \text{ to } C_{14}\text{-alkyl}),$

$-CH_2NH-\overset{\overset{O}{\parallel}}{C}\text{---} (C_1 \text{ to } C_{14}\text{-alkyl}), -CH_2NH-SO_2\text{---} (C_1 \text{ to } C_{14}\text{-alkyl}),$

$-CH_2NH-SO_2\text{-phenyl}, -CH_2NH-\overset{\overset{O}{\parallel}}{C}\text{-phenyl}, -CH_2NH-\overset{\overset{O}{\parallel}}{C}\text{-NH}\text{---} (C_1 \text{ to } C_{14}\text{-}$

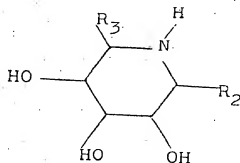
$\text{alkyl}), -CH_2NH-\overset{\overset{O}{\parallel}}{C}\text{-NH-phenyl}, [-CH_2NH-\overset{\overset{O}{\parallel}}{C}\text{-NH} (C_1 \text{ to } C_{14}\text{-alkyl})],$

$\text{---} \overset{\overset{O}{\parallel}}{C}\text{-NH}(C_1 \text{ to } C_{14}\text{-alkyl})\text{---}$

$-CH_2NH-\overset{\overset{O}{\parallel}}{S}\text{-NH-phenyl}, -CH_2NH-\overset{\overset{O}{\parallel}}{C}\text{---} (C_1 \text{ to } C_{14}\text{-alkyl}) \text{ or } -CH_2NH-\overset{\overset{O}{\parallel}}{C}\text{-O-phenyl}$

wherein phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted by methyl, ethyl, methoxy, chlorine, bromine, or nitro.

Claim <sup>3</sup>~~49~~ (Twice Amended) A compound of the formula



wherein

$R_2$  is H,  $-\text{SO}_3\text{H}$ ,  $-\text{CN}$ ,  $-\text{CH}_2\text{NH}_2$ ,  $-\text{CH}_2\text{NH}-$  ( $\text{C}_1$  to  $\text{C}_{14}$ -alkyl),

$$-\text{CH}_2\text{NH}-\underset{\text{O}}{\underset{\text{||}}{\text{C}}}-\text{(C}_1 \text{ to C}_{14}\text{-alkyl)}, -\text{CH}_2\text{NH}-\text{SO}_2-\text{(C}_1 \text{ to C}_{14}\text{-alkyl)}$$
$$\text{CH}_2\text{-NH-SO}_2\text{-phenyl}, \text{-CH}_2\text{-NH-C(=O)-phenyl}, \text{-CH}_2\text{-NH-C(=O)-NH-(C}_1 \text{ to C}_{14}\text{-}$$
$$\text{alkyl}), -\text{CH}_2-\text{NH}-\underset{\text{O}}{\underset{||}{\text{C}}}-\text{NH}-\text{phenyl}, -\text{CH}_2-\text{NH}-\underset{\text{S}}{\underset{||}{\text{C}}}-\text{NH}-(\text{C}_1 \text{ to } \text{C}_{14}\text{-alkyl}), -\text{CH}_2-$$
$$\text{NH}-\underset{\text{S}}{\underset{|}{\text{C}}}-\text{NH}-\text{phenyl}, \quad -\text{CH}_2-\underset{\text{O}}{\underset{|}{\text{NH}}}-\underset{\text{O}}{\underset{|}{\text{C}}}-\text{O}-\text{(C}_1 \text{ to C}_{14}\text{-alkyl)} \quad \text{or} \quad -\text{CH}_2-\underset{\text{O}}{\underset{|}{\text{NH}}}-\underset{\text{O}}{\underset{|}{\text{C}}}-\text{O}-\text{phenyl}$$

wherein phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted by methyl, ~~ethyl,~~

methoxy, ethyl, methoxy, chlorine, bromine or nitro and  $R_2$  is

$$\text{CH}_2\text{-NH}_2, \text{-CH}_2\text{-NHR}', \text{-CH}_2\text{-NR}'\text{R}'', \text{-CH}_2\text{-NHCOR}', \text{-CH}_2\text{-NR}''\text{-COR}',$$
$$-\text{CH}_2\text{OR}', -\text{CH}_2\text{-OCOR}', -\text{CH}_2\text{-NHSO}_2\text{R}', -\text{CH}_2\text{-NR}'\text{-SO}_2\text{R}', -\text{CH}_2\text{-NHCONH}_2,$$
$$-\text{CH}_2-\text{NHCONHR}', -\text{CH}_2-\text{NHCSNH}_2, -\text{CH}_2-\text{NHCSNHR}', -\text{CH}_2-\text{NH}-\text{COOR}'$$

wherein R' and ~~R''~~<sup>R''</sup> are the same or different and each is

C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>30</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>18</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>16</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cyclo-

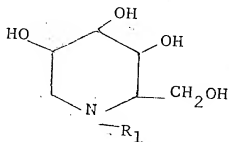
hydroxy, halogen, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, nitro or amino, or a 5- or 6-membered <sup>aromatic</sup> heterocyclic carboxylic acid containing from 1 to 3 hetero-atoms each of which is N, O or S, unsubstituted or substituted by C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, chlorine, bromine or amino;

said phenyl (a) being unsubstituted or substituted by C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>10</sub> chloroalkyl, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>10</sub> nitroalkyl, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>10</sub> cyanoalkyl, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>10</sub> alkenyl, hydroxyl, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, amino, mono-C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>4</sub> alkylamino, di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylamino, mercapto, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylthio, carboxyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-carbalkoxy, sulfo, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsulfonyl, phenylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylaminosulfonyl, di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylaminosulfonyl, nitro, cyano, formyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylcarbonylamino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylcarbonyl, benzoyl, benzylcarbonyl or [phenylacetylcarbonyl]

phenylethylcarbonyl;

said naphthyl and phenyl (b) <sup>being</sup> unsubstituted or substituted by hydroxyl, amino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylamino, di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylamino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, nitro, cyano, carboxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy carbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylthio, mercapto, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsulfonyl, [sulfur] sulfo, aminosulfonyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylaminosulfonyl.

Claim ~~51~~ (Once Amended) A compound of the formula



92  
cont'd

wherein R<sub>1</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-[C<sub>30</sub>]C<sub>2</sub> and C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>30</sub> alkyl substituted by phenyl, said phenyl being unsubstituted or substituted by hydroxyl, amino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylamino, di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylamino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy, cyano, carboxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy carbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl or halogen.

Cancel Claim 45.

Since the dependencies of claims 10, 11, 24, 25, 27, 29, 34, 35, 26 and 38, were already changed in the amendment of June 11, 1978, the indication to again change the dependencies of these claims in the August 20, 1985 amendment is superfluous.

The instruction to change the dependency of claim 39 from 17 to 47 is rescinded. Claim 39 should depend upon claim 18 as provided for in the June 7, 1979 amendment.

CONDITIONAL PETITION FOR EXTENSION OF TIME

If any extension of time for this response is required, applicants request that this be considered a petition therefor. Please charge the required Petition fee to Deposit Account No. 02-1445.

ADDITIONAL FEE

Please charge any insufficiency of fees, or credit any excess to our Deposit Account No. 02-1445.

REMARKS

Favorable reconsideration by the Examiner is respectfully requested.